

Disability Discrimination Act

1995

Codes of practice

Qualification Bodies

October 2004

Codes of Practice

- Outlines new legislation and duties for qualifying bodies
- Purpose to enable disabled people to enter employment through qualification and registration
- Avoid complaints/litigation
- Encourages good practice
- Improve performance and quality of services

Who is protected?

Definition of disabled person

Some one with a physical or mental impairment, that has a substantial, adverse long term effect on their ability to carry out normal day to day activities

What is a Qualification Body?

- An authority or body which can confer, renew or extend a professional or trade qualification.
- A professional or trade qualification is an authorisation, qualification, recognition, registration, enrolment, approval or certification which is needed for, or which facilitates engagement in a particular profession or trade

Unlawful to Discriminate

**Against disabled people in relation to
conferring professional or trade qualifications**

- In the arrangements it makes for the purpose of determining upon whom to confer a qualification
- In the terms on which it is prepared to confer such a qualification
- By refusing or deliberately omitting to grant any application by him for a qualification
- Withholding such a qualification from him or
- Varying the terms on which he holds it

Four types of discrimination

- Direct Discrimination
- Failure to make reasonable adjustments
- Disability related discrimination
- Victimisation
- And Harassment of disabled people is unlawful

1. Direct Discrimination

- If a disabled person is treated less favourably on the grounds of his disability, in comparison to how another, in relevant circumstances, is or would be treated.
- Acting on stereotypes, assumptions, prejudice, unwittingly and even without knowing they are a disabled person
- Cannot be justified

2. Failure to make reasonable adjustments

- A form of discrimination in its own right
- Duty owed to disabled applicants, potential applicants, and current members
- This duty arises where a provision, criterion or practice applied by or on behalf of the QB, or any physical feature of premises it occupies, places a disabled person at a substantial disadvantage compared to a non-disabled person.
- QB has to take reasonable steps to prevent the disadvantage
- Failure to make a reasonable adjustment cannot be justified

Examples of reasonable adjustments

- Alter physical features of buildings
- Giving training or mentoring
- Acquiring or modifying equipment
- Modifying procedures for testing or assessment
- Modifying arrangements for meetings and the way information is provided
 - Providing readers and interpreters
 - Conduct assessment with disabled person

What is reasonable?

Dependencies

- The effectiveness of the step in preventing disadvantage
- The practicability of the step
- The financial and other costs
- The extent of disruption caused
- Financial resources available to the QB
- Availability of other financial assistance
- Nature and size of the QB
- Not permitted to justify a failure but can argue about 'reasonableness' with evidence.

3. Disability Related Discrimination

- Less favourable treatment that is ‘related’ to a person’s disability but not directly
- The treatment is less favourable than the way a QB would treat others to whom that reason would not apply
- The QB cannot show the treatment was justified
- Can justify less favourable treatment

When is justification permitted?

- **Material** to the circumstances of the case
 - A strong connection between the reason given and the circumstances
- And **Substantial** means that reason must carry real weight and be of substance
- Avoid stereotypical health and safety assumptions, ask for medical evidence when merited and a suitable risk assessment
- Avoid blanket policies-usually unlawful

4. Victimisation

Unlawful and occurs when a person treats another (the victim) less favourably than he would treat another because the ‘victim’ has

- Brought or given evidence or information in connection with proceedings under the Act
- Done anything else under or by reference to the Act
- Alleged someone has contravened the act
- Or because the person believes or suspects the ‘victim’ has done or intends to do any of these things.
- Can be claimed by disabled and non-disabled people

Harassment

- Occurs when for a reason related to another's disability a person engage sin unwanted conduct which has the purpose or effect of**
 - Violating the disabled person's dignity**
 - Creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment**

Competency Standards

An academic, medical or other standard applied by or on behalf of QB for the purpose of determining whether or not a person has a particular level of competence or ability

- The process for attaining the standard e.g. exam or observed practice may or may not involve a competence standard
- There is no requirement to make reasonable adjustments in respect of a genuine competence standard
- Such a duty is likely to apply in respect of the process by which the competence is assessed
- Avoid discrimination by identifying specific purpose of competence standard
- Considering its impact on disabled people
- Reviewing its purpose and effect in light of developments in technology
- Examine alternate ways of achieving
- Document these issues, conclusions and reasons

Implications for action

- Establish policy to prevent discrimination- review competencies-communicate to all employees
- Monitor implementation and effectiveness of policy
- Monitor disabled people applying and holding qualifications/registration-explain purpose
- Design accessible complaints and grievance procedure
- Set up system to request reasonable adjustments-link with education providers
- Review effectiveness of reasonable adjustments
- Provide training on Act, QB policy and the practice of reasonable adjustments
- Invite disclosure- inform why and keep records
- Pass on information only with permission
- Seek expert advice- access to websites, communication systems and buildings
- Set up system with education providers to inform of reasonable adjustments to tests and registration procedures
- Have a contact person for disabled applicants qualification holders
- Respect confidentiality- discuss the implications and boundaries with disabled people

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